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Women Soldiers Now the Firing Line.



The "Legion of Death," a Regiment of Servian Women at Rifle Practice Before Being Sent to the Front Against the Austro-German Forces.

How They Are Fighting in the Trenches Side by Side with the Men, Undergoing All the Hardships of War, and Being Promoted to Lieutenants, Captains and Colonels Through Their Bravery

ROM time to time since the great war began reports have leaked through of women fighting in the trenches side by side with their husbands, brothers and lovers or simply their own countrymen. These reports have been received with more or less incredulity. It did not seem possible that women could undergo the hardships, the complete reversal of all their habits and the primitive manners that necessarily accompany trench life.

Incredulity has, however, given way before actual official reports of women decorated and promoted for bravery on the battlefields. It seems now that in Europe the women actually do put on the uniform of the men, fight not only in trenches, but in the cavalry, and in every way measure up to the standard

Indeed, they are harder to conquer, it seems, than the men. A recent semiofficial report from Petrograd mentioned they captured a line of trenches along the Bzura River in Poland, to find a number of German women among their captives. These women were found in the very first line, with hot rifles still in their

making these women prisoners than the "They would not surrender until after all their men comrades had

out having had any great difficulties.

"I have felt just as safe in the wildest

deserts of Siberia, as 1 do on the streets

of Moscow or Petrograd, simply because

I have the absolute confidence in my ability to command the man, regardless do I

meet him in a fashionable society of a big city, or as a highway robber in the wild-

est wilds. A woman---if she only knows

her feminine powers-can conquer any

friend in New York of one of her ad-

ventures while she was still a lieutenant

and was out to ascertain the strength of

the Fall. A bleak wind whistied and

howled around the ruins of the village, in

This is how she writes in a letter to a

her "Diary of Ride Through Siberia."

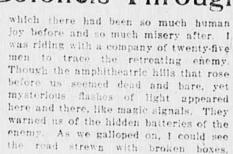
the enemy at night:

thus writes Mme. Koudasheva in

was a ghastly moonlight night of

reir arms, and they taunted owardice. These wome wed all the marks o e uniform because their company d because of

of the



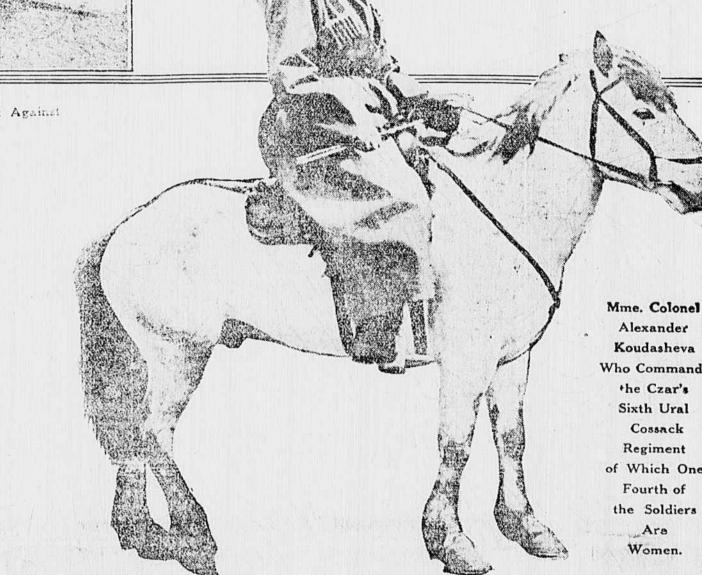
every direction beyond the ribbon. A few figures climbed out and started run ning toward us. 'One, two, three!' I whispered and then followed a salvo from my men. The figures either fell or ran back behind the ribbon. From behind a hill flashed a light and then the battery of the enemy opened fire at the village where we were. It was the machine guns, 'Nu-ka, Misha, tickle the dadies, quick!' was the humorous remark of one of my soldiers to me. We must have killed and wounded a hundred or more. Then we turned around and rode away

without having lost a single man and without having any men wounded."

Mme. Colonel Koudasheva is a student of soldier psychology on the battlefield, as is shown in another letter.

"When you feel the invisible of

"When you feel the invisible fingers of fate so close to your life, as on the bat-tlefield, the problems that interest you before and the feelings that you experi-



Who Commands



Stanislawa Ordinska, a Woman Soldier in the Polish League of Austria Who Has Been Promoted to Sergeant for Bravery at the Front.

knapsacks, household implements, dead horses and men which the enemy had left behind in his hurried retreat.

ermission

Secretary

"'Excellency,' whispered my orderly, 'I see there beyond the hill a moving dot. It's probably the head of a "dady" ' (as we called the Germans). As we were in the shadow of the rains, we could discern distinctly the bare field in the moonlight. Before us was the first line of the trenches of the enemy. I pulled my rifle and aimed. A shot. The dot became a black figure that rose and staggered and fell. It was a distance of 150 steps, and I could see how a gray ribbon of trenches stretched in both directions before us-a ribbon that always fascinates and yet frightens because it is the home of death. More black dots were visible, moving in opens. It is not the feeling of sport, it is not the feeling of that takes hold the battlefield. queer, dramatic hypnose, like an actor feels before opening a play.
"It all seams

a huge cosmic play — a stern tragic panobut still a play human organism seems to work against all laws of

though you stay in the cold and rain day and night, yet you catch no cold, no ailments that are usual in everyday life."
Mme. Colonel Koudasheva may require a strict discipline of her inferiors, but she never applies any punitive measures. She commands with the most polite words. Gentlemen, please, would you do me the favor" is her usual command to the sol-diers. "My boys and girls go to any fire without any forcible measures," she writes. "I just need to hint at an instruction, and already it is carried out. I'

have taught them not to shoot with hate, but to love the man they shoot. And they do love, which is proven by an incident when once we chased the enemy into a river and when we saw that they would be drowned we all went to pull them out,

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has received the decoration of the Order of St. George for distinguished service at the front. She had arrived at Opatow among a detachment of colunteers for the campaign against the Austrians. She was dressed like a man, and passed for a remarkably handsome boy. She was detailed to carry ammunition to the trenches. She was in the hottest fire

were forced to retire, and she was left lying on the field. The Austrian Red Cross workers found

and was wounded twice.

her.
"Why, this is a woman!" exclaimed her. the Austrian surgeon who examined her. The Austrians nursed her. When the Russians again took Opatow she was still in a hospital. She was recaptured by them and sent back to Kier, where

she was given her honors.

Austrian women are also fighting. Stefa Falica is a young Croatian who enlisted with her husband in the same regiment. In this case her sex was well-known, and she was not forced to use men's clothes She has already been made a corporal for her bravery in the field.

A similar case is that of Stanislawa Ordinska, who enlisted, masquerading as a man, in the Polish Legion for Austria. She was made a sergeant for bravery shown at the front before it was discovered she was a woman. Then she was allowed to keep her rank and

One of the most interesting bodies of women soldiers is the Serbian organization called the "Legia Smirti," or Le-

gion of Death. The Legion of Death is composed of women who have been trained in the use of firearms and in the science of war. In the Balkan States, where women frequently fellow their husbands through-

sappers when neces-sary, it is not unusual

for them to take their places beside their

husbands or their

lovers on the firing

line. There are many

expert rifle shots

among them, many

indeed who are ca-

pable of taking

they are seen.

men's places under necessity.

tomed to attack in solitary places, and

more or less inured to bereavement, a

kind of grim quiet follows them wherever

The Legion of Death is recruited from all classes of women, from the wives of rich merchants to the wives and daughters of peasants. This Amazon corps had its origin in the patriotic en-

thusiasm of a woman sixty-two years old, whose husband died for Serbia in

the war for liberty against the Turks.

The women handle the regulation rifles

and are held in deadly fear by the Aus-

trians and Germans.
Indeed, it seems that on both sides

the soldiers dread the women soldiers

more than they do those of their own

Kipling's "The male of the species Is more deadly a the male," recalls itself, of course. Dr. Hans Hulduckson. writing of this same phenomenon, said: Women are not natural combatants. They do not rush into war for war's sake. They are without the blood lust that makes fighting a joy for fighting's sake. They will fight only in desperate straits, and then only for their honor, their children or the existence of their country.

Standing at one of these last ditches,

Mme. Colonel Koudasheva

Showing the Trousers and Typical Male Dress She Wears on the Battlefield.

however, they fight with the ferocity of tizers. They do battle without rule or reason and to the death. An English woman, who is endeavoring to organize a company of women for military training, said that she did not fear that they would not fight, but the fear was that they might fight too fiercely. the most cruel of combatants when they so far overcome their native womanly

gentleness as to enter into combat.
"A soldier of experience said that he would rather fight a company of male soldiers than one woman soldier. He explained that woman is too resourceful in the matter of weapons. War transforms woman for the time into a beast,'